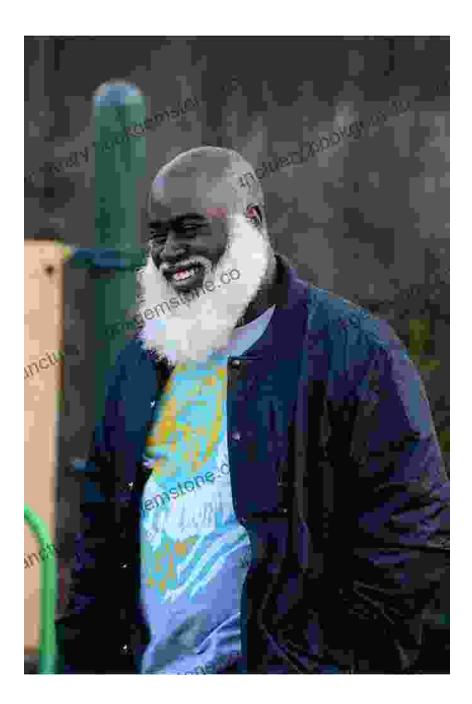
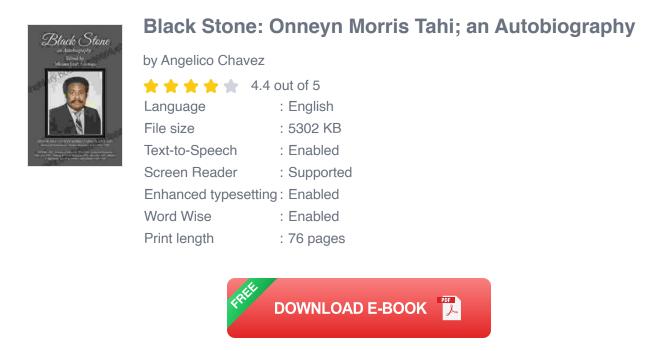
Black Stone Onneyn Morris Tahi: An Autobiography



Black Stone Onneyn Morris Tahi was a remarkable man who lived an extraordinary life. Born into slavery in the United States, he escaped to

freedom and became a prominent abolitionist and civil rights activist. He was also a successful businessman, inventor, and author.



Tahi's autobiography is a gripping account of his life and times. It is a testament to his resilience, determination, and unwavering commitment to justice.

Early Life and Escape from Slavery

Tahi was born in 1841 in Caroline County, Maryland. His parents were slaves, and he grew up working on a plantation. Tahi was a bright and ambitious child, and he quickly realized that his only chance for freedom was to escape.

In 1863, Tahi ran away from the plantation and made his way to Washington, D.C. He was helped by abolitionists along the way, and he eventually reached Philadelphia, where he was safe from being recaptured.

Abolitionist and Civil Rights Activism

In Philadelphia, Tahi became involved in the abolitionist movement. He spoke out against slavery and helped to organize protests and rallies. He also worked with the Underground Railroad, helping slaves to escape to freedom.

After the Civil War, Tahi continued to work for civil rights. He helped to establish the first black-owned bank in Philadelphia, and he founded the National Black Republican Council. He also worked to desegregate schools and public accommodations.

Business Career and Inventions

In addition to his work as an abolitionist and civil rights activist, Tahi was also a successful businessman. He owned several businesses, including a grocery store, a restaurant, and a coal company. He also invented a number of products, including a new type of stove and a water filter.

Tahi's business ventures were not always successful, but his entrepreneurial spirit was inspiring. He was always willing to try new things and take risks.

Author and Lecturer

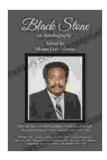
Tahi was also a gifted writer and lecturer. He wrote several books and articles, and he gave speeches all over the country. His writings and speeches were filled with passion and conviction. He was a powerful voice for justice and equality.

Later Life and Legacy

Tahi died in Philadelphia in 1906. He was 65 years old. He left behind a legacy of activism, entrepreneurship, and literary achievement.

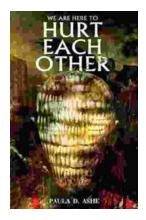
Tahi's autobiography is a valuable historical document. It provides a firsthand account of the struggles and triumphs of an African American man who lived through one of the most tumultuous periods in American history. It is a story that is both inspiring and heartbreaking.

Black Stone Onneyn Morris Tahi was a truly remarkable man. He was a pioneer in the struggle for racial equality, and he left behind a lasting legacy. His autobiography is an essential read for anyone who wants to understand the history of the African American experience in the United States.



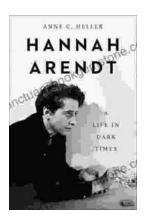
Black Stone: Onneyn Morris Tahi; an Autobiography





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